Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2011

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report.	2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-8
(Required Supplementary Information)	4-8
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statement:	
Statement of Net Assets	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15-23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary comparison schedules	24-25
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit	
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	26-27
Management Letter	28-29

# Somerset Academy Charter Middle School 18491 SW 134 Avenue Miami, Florida 33177

# 2010-2011

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Andreina Figueroa, Chair and President Lourdes Marrero Dr. Angie Hui Fang Su Cynthia Hanson Carlos Resendez Louis Marin David Concepcion Daniel Diaz

# SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Suzette Ruiz, Principal



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Somerset Academy Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., a component unit of the District School Board of Miami-Dade County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School at June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2011 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2011, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 24 through 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Gravier, UP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2011

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (A Charter School Under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2011

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy Middle School Charter have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

## Financial Highlights

- 1. The assets of the School exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2011 by \$507,614 (net assets).
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$359,812.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net assets of \$44,879 for the year ended June 30, 2011.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$291,211.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2011 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the School's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as net assets. Over time increases or decreases in net assets may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Government Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 14 of this report.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-23 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$507,614 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net assets as of June 30, 2011 follows:

	2011		2010		
Cash	\$	318,447	\$	403,794	
Due from other charter schools		130,000		294	
Due from other agencies		4,506		5,146	
Capital Assets		69,544		83,842	
Prepaid expenses		26,736		18,075	
Deposits		123		123_	
Total Assets	\$	549,356	\$	511,274	
Accounts Payable and Salaries Payable Due to other schools	\$	41,742	\$	48,537	
Total Liabilities	\$	41,742	\$	48,537	
Invested in Capital Assets, net of					
related debt	\$	189,554	\$	83,842	
Unrestricted		318,070		378,895	
Total Net Assets	\$	507,614	\$	462,737	

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net assets. A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 follows:

	2011	2010
REVENUES		<del></del>
Program Revenues		
Federal Sources	\$ 65,746	\$ 57,344
Capital Outlay	78,614	79,907
Charges for services	23,858	98,958
General Revenues		
FTE nonspecific revenues	1,022,731	841,111
Other Revenues	310	279
Total Revenues	\$1,191,259	\$1,077,599
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 494,101	\$ 465,877
Instructional Media Services	311	400
Instructional Staff Training Services	2,176	2,197
Board	13,593	12,047
School Administration	201,484	166,953
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	9,775	4,938
Fiscal Services	26,100	21,800
Food Services	59,214	45,171
Central Services	28,686	23,580
Operation of Plant	293,499	245,822
Maintenance of Plant	17,443	12,352
Total Expenses	1,146,382	1,001,137
Increase in Net Assets	44,879	76,462
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	462,735	386,275
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 507,614	\$ 462,737

Somerset Academy Middle School's revenues and expenditures increased by \$113,660 and \$145,245, respectively, as a result of an increase in student enrollment. Somerset Academy Middle School had an increase in its net assets of \$44,879 for the year.

## School Location and Lease of Facility

Students are housed at 18491 S.W. 134th Avenue.

## **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

# **School Enrollment**

This past year, the School had approximately 174 students enrolled in grades six through eight.

#### Achievements

Located in Southwest Miami-Dade, Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (Somerset Middle) completed its seventh year of operations and received grade of "A," ranking among the top-performing public middle schools in Miami-Dade County, based on the points it received under the State of Florida Accountability Program.

This past year Somerset Academy students participated in various community service projects and fundraisers such as Scholastic Book Fair, Reading Plus McDonald's Principal Challenge, Chili's Night Out, and the World's Finest Chocolate Sale. Students were recognized for various accomplishments throughout the year, including their winning performance in the Somerset Spelling Bee and the Miami Herald Spelling Bee. Students participated in various clubs and team sports, including the National Junior Honor Society, FEA, Environmental Club, Fairchild Challenge Participants Elementary and Secondary Levels, Basketball, Soccer, Football, and Volleyball. Somerset students also participated in school-based musical productions, including "Surfin' Santa," the Somerset Talent Show, and "A Modern Christmas Carole."

In addition, Somerset Academy's facilities have been recognized nationally for "Outstanding Elementary and Middle School Building Design" in The American School and University Magazine, a national publication on educational facilities. As part of the Somerset Academy network of schools, the school is one of only a few public middle schools in Miami-Dade County to be accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS).

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$318,070. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$291,211. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

## **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2011 amounts to \$ 69,544 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2011, the School had no long term debt relating to capital assets.

## Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Original Budget		 Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES		<u></u>	 		
Program Revenues					
Capital Outlay	\$	75,000	\$ 79,000	\$	78,614
Charges for services		20,000	20,000		23,858
Federal School Lunch		20,000	40,000		42,000
Federal Sources		20,000	24,000		23,746
General Revenues					
FTE Nonspecific Revenues		882,900	1,015,000		1,022,731
Other Revenues		-	-		310
Total Revenues	\$	1,017,900	\$ 1,178,000	\$	1,191,259
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Component Unit Activities:					
Instruction		420,000	456,500		455,447
Instructional Media Services		-	-		-
Instructional Staff Training Services		2,500	2,500		2,176
Board		10,000	15,000		13,593
School Administration		190,000	205,000		201,484
Fiscal Services		20,000	-		26,100
Food Services		40,000	60,000		59,214
Central Services		25,000	30,000		28,686
Operation of Plant		280,400	279,000		290,248
Maintenance of Plant		10,000	17,500		14,969
Total Current Expenditures	\$	997,900	\$ 1,065,500	\$	1,091,917

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

# Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

<u>Assets</u>		
Current assets: Cash	\$	210 447
Due from other charter schools	Þ	318,447 10,000
Prepaid expenses		26,736
Due from other agencies		4,506
Deposit Deposit		123
		359,812
Capital assets, depreciable		242,635
Less: accumulated depreciation		(173,091)
		69,544
Long-term receivable from other charter school		120,000
Total Assets	\$	549,356
Liabilities and Net assets		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable	\$	41,742_
Total Liabilities		41,742
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets and long-term receivables		189,544
Unrestricted		318,070
Total Net Assets		507,614
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	549,356

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2011

	2011									
				P	rogra	am Reveni	ues			
FUNCTIONS	Exp	enses	•	ges for	Gr	perating ants and tributions	Grar	pital its and ibutions	I and	(Expense) Revenue d Changes Net Assets
Governmental activities:										-
Instruction	\$ 4	94,101	\$	_	\$	23,746	\$	-	\$	(470,355)
Instructional media services		311		-				-		(311)
Instructional staff training		2,176		-		-		-		(2,176)
Board		13,593		-		-		-		(13,593)
School administration	2	01,484		-		-		-		(201,484)
Facilities acquisition		9,775		-		-		-		(9,775)
Fiscal services		26,100		-		-				(26,100)
Food services		59,214	23	,858		42,000		-		6,644
Central services		28,686		-		-		-		(28,686)
Operation of plant	2	93,499				-	7	8,614		(214,885)
Maintenance of plant		17,443		-		-				(17,443)
Total governmental activities	1,1	46,382	23	,858		65,746	7	8,614		(978,164)
	FTE	nonspec	cific rev	enues						1,022,731
	Intere	est and	other re	venue						310
	Chan	ge in ne	et assets	ł						44,877
	Net a	ssets, b	eginnin	g						462,737
		ssets, e	=						\$	507,614

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	General Fund		S	pecial	Total	Govermental
			Reve	nue Fund	<del></del>	Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$	318,447	\$	-	\$	318,447
Due from other agencies				4,506		4,506
Due from other charter schools		10,000				10,000
Due from other funds		4,506				4,506
Prepaid expenses and deposits		26,859				26,859
Total Assets	\$	359,812	\$	4,506	\$	364,318
Liabilities						
Salaries and wages payable	\$	41,742	\$	-	\$	41,742
Due to other funds	*	,,	•	4,506	4	4,506
Total Liabilities		41,742		4,506		46,248
Fund balance						
Unassigned		291,211		-		291,211
Nonspendable		26,859				26,859
-		318,070		-		318,070
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	359,812	\$	4,506	\$	364,318

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2011

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 318,070

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets of \$242,635 net of accumulated depreciation of \$173,091 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

69,544

Disbursement from issurance of long-term receivables is a current financial expenditure to government funds, but such increases long-term assets in the statement of net assets.

120,000

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities

\$ 507,614

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund	Special	Total
		D	Govermental
Doviences		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues: State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 78,614	\$ 78,614
State passed through local	1,022,731	φ /0,014	1,022,731
Federal school lunch	1,022,731	42,000	42,000
Federal sources		23,746	23,746
Charges for services	_	23,858	23,858
Interest and other revenue	310	,	310
		160.010	
Total Revenues	1,023,041	168,218	1,191,259
w 11.			
Expenditures:			
Current Instruction	421 701	22 746	155 117
Instruction Instructional staff training services	431,701 2,176	23,746	455,447 2,176
Board	13,593	_	13,593
School administration	201,484	_	201,484
Fiscal services	26,100	-	26,100
Food services	-	59,214	59,214
Central services	28,686	J,211	28,686
Pupil transportation services	<b>,</b>		,
Operation of plant	211,634	78,614	290,248
Maintenance of plant	14,969	-	14,969
Capital Outlay:	40.167		40.167
Other capital outlay	40,167	-	40,167
Total Expenditures	970,510	161,574	1,132,084
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	52,531	6,644	59,175
Other financing sources			
Transfers in and (out)	(113,356)	(6,644)	(120,000)
Net change in fund balance	(60,825)	-	(60,825)
Fund Balanca at haginning african	278 805		270 005
Fund Balance at beginning of year	378,895	<del></del>	378,895
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 318,070	<u>\$</u>	\$ 318,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (60,825)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$40,167 differed from depreciation expense of \$54,465.

(14,298)

Disbursement from issurance of long-term receivables is a current financial expenditure to government funds, but such increases long-term assets in the statement of net assets.

120,000

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 44,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized in the State of Florida. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which also governs various other scharter schools. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the District School Board of Miami-Dade County (the "District"). The current charter expires on June 30, 2014 and is renewable for an additional 15 years by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of such District. The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades grade and is funded by the District.

These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2011, when approximately 174 students were enrolled for the school year.

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of presentation

Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide – *Audits for States and Local Governments* and provisions of Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the School as a whole. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

## Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds, namely, the general and special revenue funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from non-exchange transactions are reported according to GASB Codification Section 1600.111 and Section N50 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions. On the accrual basis, revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

## Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

## Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

## Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	10-15 Years
Textbooks	3 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years

#### Revenue Sources

Revenues for operations will be received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. In addition, the school receives an annual allocation of charter school capital outlay funds for leasing of school facilities.

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Finally, the School may also receive Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

## Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides days to be used for specific personal matter such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

#### Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 31, 2011, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Net assets and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) <u>Invested in capital assets</u>, net of related debt consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net assets of the School relate to reserves required by the landlord for property maintenance and repairs.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net assets</u> all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance of the School relate to reserves required by the landlord for property maintenance and repairs.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> fund balance is the residual classification for the School's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Note 3 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Balance			Balance
	07/1/10	_Additions_	Retirements	06/30/11
Capital Assets:	<del>-</del>			
Improvements	\$ 4,138	\$ 28,019	\$ -	\$ 32,157
Software	2,964	-	-	2,964
Furniture, equipment and				
textbooks	297,633	12,148	(102,266)	207,514
Total Capital Assets	304,735	40,167	(102,266)	242,635
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Improvements	(412)	(5,498)	-	(5,911)
Software	(572)	(832)	-	(1,404)
Furniture, equipment and				
textbooks	(219,908)	(48,134)	102,266	(165,776)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(220,893)	(54,464)	102,266	(173,091)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 83,842	\$ (14,297)	\$	\$ 69,544

# Note 3 - Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 38,654
Instructional media service	311
Facilities acquisition	9,775
Operation of plant	3,250
Maintenance of plant	2,475
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 54,465

## Note 4 - Management Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional charter school management company, provides management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting. The agreement between the School and the management company calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is for a period of five years, through June 30, 2014, with options to renew for a three year period and a two year period. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the School incurred approximately \$78,300, in management fees. At June 30, 2011 the School had no management fee payable.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President and Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

## Note 5 -Related Party Transactions

The School shares its facility with Somerset Academy (another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). As result certain activities such as fundraising activities are recorded in the books of Somerset Academy and not in those of the School. Revenues of \$65,858 and costs of \$59,214 related to the lunch program were allocated to the School from Somerset Academy. As of June 30, 2011, the School had receivables from other schools of \$130,000. Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2011, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$50,171.

# Note 6 - Deposits Policy and Credit Risk

It is the School's policy to maintain its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$318,447 and the respective bank balances totaled \$397,093.

Under the Dodd-Frank Act, non-interest bearing deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are fully insured through December 31, 2012. All accounts held by the School are non-interest bearing and therefore fully insured by the FDIC as of June 30, 2011.

# Note 7 - Commitments and Contingencies

The School entered into a lease and security agreement with Valencia School Development, LLC for its 51,200 square feet facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. Presently, members of the Landlord are also stockholders of the company which is the sole owner of Academica Dade, LLC (See Note 4). This facility is shared with Somerset Academy (a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement (based on \$13.50 per square foot) are approximately \$691,000 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through August 15, 2026 with an option to renew for an additional five-year term. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00 and maintaining a reserve for property expenses such as repairs, maintenance, taxes or insurance. Finally, under this agreement the School has granted a first lien on its pledged revenues, which include all revenues collected by the school from the Florida Department of Education, the District, and all other sources. Lease payments are allocated among the two schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2011, was 24% for the School and 76% for Somerset Academy. As of June 30, 2011, the School had a prepaid to the landlord of \$12,972. For 2011, rent expense totaled \$195,274, out which approximately \$194,583 related to the facility lease. Future minimum payments for the full lease (shared with Somerset Academy) are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2012	\$774,331
2013	\$774,331
2014	\$774,331
2015	\$774,331
2016-2020	\$3,871,653 (Total for five-year period)
2021-2025	\$3,871,653 (Total for five-year period)
2026	\$ 516,220

## Note 7 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

#### Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

## Note 8 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

#### Note 9 - Post-retirement Benefits

The School provides a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc. covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan, the School will provide a match of 50% up to 4% of employee compensation. Contributions to the plan were \$3,603 for the year ended June 30, 2011. The school does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the plans' assets.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local	\$ 882,900	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 1,022,731
Interest and other revenues	-		310
Total Revenues	882,900	1,015,000	1,023,041
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	400,000	432,500	431,701
Instructional staff training services	2,500	2,500	2,176
Board	10,000	15,000	13,593
School Administration	190,000	205,000	201,484
Fiscal Services	20,000	28,000	26,100
Food Services			-
Central Services	25,000	30,000	28,686
Operation of Plant	205,400	200,000	211,634
Maintenance of Plant	10,000	17,500	14,969
T . 1.C	962.000	020.500	020.242
Total Current Expenditures Excess of Revenues	862,900	930,500	930,343
Over Current Expenditures	20,000	84,500	92,698
Over Current Expenditures	20,000	04,300	72,070
Debt Service:			
Redemption of Principal	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:			
Other Capital Outlay	40,000	50,000	40,167
Total Capital Outlay and	40,000	50,000	40.167
Debt Service Expenditures	40,000	50,000	40,167
Total Expenditures	902,900	980,500	970,510
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(20,000)	34,500	52,531
·	, , ,		
Other financing sources:	(4.00.000)	(* 1 = 000)	(4.40.0.00)
Transfers in	(100,000)	(115,000)	(113,356)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	378,895	378,895	378,895
2 a.a a. 0.50 6 o. 7 o			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 258,895	\$ 298,395	\$ 318,070

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES		<del></del>	
State capital outlay funding	\$ 75,000	\$ 79,000	\$ 78,614
Federal school lunch	20,000	40,000	42,000
Federal sources	20,000	24,000	23,746
Lunch Program	20,000	20,000	23,858
Total Revenues	135,000	163,000	168,218
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	20,000	24,000	23,746
Instructional Staff	-	<b>2</b> 1,000	-
Training Services	_	_	_
Board	-	-	-
School Administration	**		-
Fiscal Services	-	-	-
Food Services	40,000	60,000	59,214
Central Services		-	-
Operation of Plant	75,000	79,000	78,614
Maintenance of Plant	-	•	-
Total Current Expenditures	135,000	163,000	161,574
Excess of Revenues			
Over Current Expenditures	<del></del>		6,644
Capital Outlay:			
Other Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	135,000	163,000	161,574
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	-	-	6,644
Other financing sources:			
Transfers out	-	~	(6,644)
Fund Balance at beginning of year			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Auditor General of the State of Florida and the School Board of Miami-Dade County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HIB Guavir, LLP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2011



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011 and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2011.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 31, 2011, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of charter school audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's report or schedule:

1. Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

No finding and recommendation were made in the preceding financial audit report.

2. Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management.

In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

3. Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential.

In connection with our audit, we did not find any such violations.

4. Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that are inconsequential to the determination of financial statement accounts, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, and (2) deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies.

In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

5. Section 10854(1)(e)6, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the school.

The official title of the school is disclosed in the accompanying financial statements.

6. Section 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the school has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met.

In connection with our audit, no such conditions were noted.

7. Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(3)7.a. and 10.855(10)., Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

We have applied such procedures and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Auditor General of the State of Florida and the School Board of Miami-Dade County, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Guarie LLP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2011